

# **Native American Agriculture Fund**

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**December 31, 2021**

**Contents**

**Independent Auditor's Report** ..... 1

**Financial Statements**

Statement of Financial Position ..... 3  
Statement of Activities ..... 4  
Statement of Cash Flows ..... 5  
Notes to Financial Statements ..... 6

## Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees  
Native American Agriculture Fund  
Fayetteville, Arkansas

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of Native American Agriculture Fund (NAAF), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NAAF as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of NAAF and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NAAF's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are available to be issued.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from

fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NAAF's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NAAF's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

*BKD, LLP*

Tulsa, Oklahoma  
May 18, 2022

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Statement of Financial Position**  
**December 31, 2021**

**Assets**

Cash	\$ 3,321,609
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	226,336
Accrued income	740,724
Investments	<u>253,603,918</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 257,892,587</u></u>

**Liabilities and Net Assets**

**Liabilities**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 491,493
Grants payable	11,403,610
Due to broker	<u>1,319,264</u>
Total liabilities	<u>13,214,367</u>

**Net Assets**

Without donor restrictions	<u>244,678,220</u>
Total net assets	<u>244,678,220</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u><u>\$ 257,892,587</u></u>

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Statement of Activities**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2021**

<b>Revenues, Gains, and Other Support</b>	
Interest and dividends	\$ 5,069,918
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net	3,167,219
Contributions	<u>146,733</u>
Total revenues, gains, and other support	<u>8,383,870</u>
<b>Expenses</b>	
Grants	23,312,721
General and administrative	<u>1,601,309</u>
Total expenses	<u>24,914,030</u>
<b>Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions</b>	(16,530,160)
<b>Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions, Beginning of Year</b>	<u>261,208,380</u>
<b>Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions, End of Year</b>	<u><u>\$ 244,678,220</u></u>

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2021**

<b>Operating Activities</b>	
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	\$ (16,530,160)
Item not providing cash	
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net	(3,167,219)
Changes in	
Accrued income	137,434
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(147,751)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(76,708)
Grants payable	<u>3,056,078</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(16,728,326)</u>
<b>Investing Activities</b>	
Proceeds from sale of investments	540,909,306
Purchase of investments	<u>(524,651,806)</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>16,257,500</u>
<b>Decrease in Cash</b>	(470,826)
<b>Cash, Beginning of Year</b>	<u>3,792,435</u>
<b>Cash, End of Year</b>	<u>\$ 3,321,609</u>

# Native American Agriculture Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements

### December 31, 2021

#### **Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

##### **Organization**

Native American Agriculture Fund (NAAF) is a trust that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. NAAF is a result of a Cy Pres Fund (the Contributions) established in the settlement of *Keepseagle v. Vilsack*, No. 1:99CV03119 (D.D.C.) and may not accept contributions from any other source. As part of the settlement, NAAF was created with the requirement that all funds be distributed within a period of 20 years. NAAF provides grants to eligible entities for business assistance, agricultural education, technical support, and advocacy services to support Native farmers and ranchers to support and promote their continued engagement in agriculture. Eligible entities include 501(c)(3) organizations, educational organizations, Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) and Native CDFIs, and instrumentalities of a state or federally recognized tribe.

##### **Basis of Accounting**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other assets and liabilities. NAAF follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

##### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, and gains and losses are classified on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. As of December 31, 2021, NAAF did not have any net assets with donor restrictions.

##### **Cash Equivalents**

NAAF considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased, excluding cash equivalent funds held in NAAF's investment portfolio, to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at December 31, 2021.

##### **Concentrations of Credit Risk**

NAAF periodically maintains certain depository, bank savings, and/or sweep account balances in excess of FDIC-insured limits. Exposure from uninsured cash balances totaled approximately



# Native American Agriculture Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements

### December 31, 2021

\$3,073,000 at December 31, 2021. NAAF has not incurred any losses in its depository accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

#### ***Investments and Net Investment Return***

NAAF measures securities at fair value.

Investment return includes dividend, interest, and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses in other investments less external and direct internal investment expenses. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

#### ***Due to/from Broker***

Amounts represent investment transactions that were executed on or before the last day of the year but were not settled until after year-end.

#### ***Grants***

Grants approved by the trustees of NAAF are typically paid over a period of one to two years. Grants are generally unconditional and are, therefore, recorded as payable when approved by the trustees. Grants dependent on the occurrence of a specified and uncertain event are conditional and are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. At December 31, 2021, NAAF had no conditional grants.

#### ***Contributions***

The only contributions received by NAAF were those assets established in the *Keepseagle v. Vilsack* settlement. In accordance with the terms of the trust agreement, NAAF shall not accept contributions of additional property from any other source. Contributions are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gifts of property other than cash are recognized at fair value at the time of donation. NAAF received approximately \$147,000 in contributions from the Keepseagle Fund in 2021.

#### ***Functional Allocation of Expenses***

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities are summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statement of activities. Certain costs have been allocated among the program and support categories based on the evaluation of related activities and other methods. General and administrative expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of NAAF. See *Note 4* for the natural classification.

# **Native American Agriculture Fund**

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **December 31, 2021**

#### ***Income Taxes***

NAAF is exempt from income taxes on income under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, NAAF is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income. There was no unrelated business taxable income in 2021.

NAAF files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

#### ***Excise Taxes***

NAAF is required to pay federal excise taxes on its net investment income at a 1.39% rate.

#### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual amounts and results could differ from those estimates.

#### ***Significant Estimates***

Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change include the valuation of investments. Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with these financial instruments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of these assets will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying statement of financial position. Significant fluctuations in fair values could occur from year to year, and the amounts NAAF will ultimately realize could differ materially.

#### ***Retirement Plan***

NAAF contributes to a 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees after a specified period of employment. NAAF has no liability other than annual contributions. Annual contributions are based upon a percentage of employee contributions limited to a percentage of employee compensation. Participant contributions are immediately vested. NAAF contributed approximately \$94,000 to this plan during the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### ***Future Change in Accounting Principles***

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standard related to the accounting for leases. Under the new standard, lessees will now be required to recognize substantially all leases on the statement of financial position as both a right-of-use asset and a liability. The standard has two types of leases for statement of activities recognition purposes: operating leases and finance leases. Operating leases will result in the recognition of a single lease expense on a straight-line

# Native American Agriculture Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements

### December 31, 2021

basis over the lease term similar to the treatment for operating leases under existing standards. Finance leases will result in an accelerated expense similar to the accounting for capital leases under existing standards. The determination of lease classification as operating or finance will be done in a manner similar to existing standards. The new standard also contains amended guidance regarding the identification of embedded leases in service contracts and the identification of lease and nonlease components in an arrangement. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2022. NAAF is evaluating the effect the standard will have on the financial statements; however, the standard is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### ***Subsequent Events***

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 18, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **Note 2: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2021**

**Recurring Measurements**

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2021:

	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Money market	\$ 19,310,025	\$ -	\$ 19,310,025	\$ -
U.S. government and agencies	47,788,582	-	47,788,582	-
Mortgage-backed securities	52,781,073	-	52,781,073	-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	15,271,922	-	15,271,922	-
Domestic corporate bonds	61,257,284	-	61,257,284	-
Domestic common stock	43,849,314	43,849,314	-	-
Foreign common stock	6,123,159	6,123,159	-	-
Master limited partnerships	227,630	227,630	-	-
Mutual funds	6,119,666	6,119,666	-	-
Exchange traded funds	875,263	875,263	-	-
Total investments	<u>\$ 253,603,918</u>	<u>\$ 57,195,032</u>	<u>\$ 196,408,886</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended December 31, 2021.

**Investments**

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, investments are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of investments with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such investments are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, investments are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. There were no Level 3 investments at December 31, 2021.

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2021**

**Note 3: Grants**

Grants payable consist of unconditional amounts awarded, but not paid, to various organizations. During the year ended December 31, 2021, NAAF awarded approximately \$20,000,000 in grants. As of December 31, 2021, approximately \$11,404,000 of the grants were still outstanding.

The scheduled payments for grants payable are as follows at December 31, 2021:

Amounts payable in	
Year 1	\$ 10,303,422
Year 2	<u>1,100,188</u>
	<u>\$ 11,403,610</u>

**Note 4: Functional Expenses**

NAAF's primary function is to provide grants to eligible entities for business assistance, agricultural education, technical support, and advocacy services to support Native farmers and ranchers to support and promote their continued engagement in agriculture. There are also general and administrative costs to run the organization. Certain costs attributable to more than one function have been allocated among the various functional expense classifications based on direct assignment, personnel expenses, and other methods.

The following schedule presents the natural classification of expenses by function for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Support General and Administrative</b>	<b>Program Grants</b>
Salaries and benefits	\$ 2,828,536	\$ 1,087,006	\$ 1,741,530
Grants awarded	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
Program support activities	116,500	-	116,500
Professional fees and services	675,838	304,799	371,039
Office expenses	79,519	19,880	59,639
Utilities and rent	162,691	40,673	122,018
Other operating expenses	277,439	69,359	208,080
Taxes and insurance	68,686	63,889	4,797
Travel	<u>704,821</u>	<u>15,703</u>	<u>689,118</u>
	<u>\$ 24,914,030</u>	<u>\$ 1,601,309</u>	<u>\$ 23,312,721</u>

**Native American Agriculture Fund**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2021**

**Note 5: Lease Obligation**

NAAF leases space and equipment for administrative purposes under noncancellable operating leases. Future minimum lease payments under the operating leases are as follows at December 31, 2021.

2022	\$ 34,204
2023	32,983
2024	<u>17,648</u>
	<u><u>\$ 84,835</u></u>

NAAF recognized rent expense associated with these leases of approximately \$96,000 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

**Note 6: Liquidity and Availability**

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use within one year of December 31, 2021, comprise the following:

Financial assets at year-end	
Cash	\$ 3,321,609
Accrued income	740,724
Investments	<u>253,603,918</u>
	257,666,251
Less due to broker	<u>1,319,264</u>
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	<u><u>\$ 256,346,987</u></u>

NAAF manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs, and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged.